

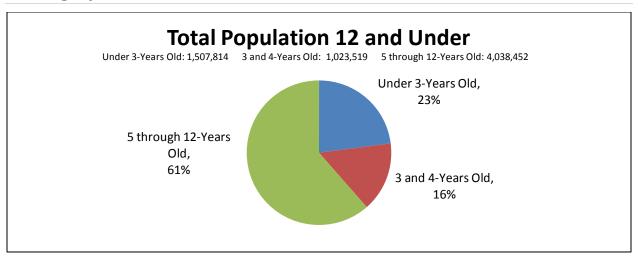
# State and Territory Profile - California

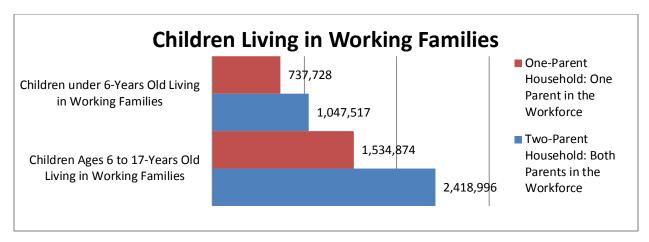
This profile highlights a current innovative effort to promote a subsidy system that is child-focused, family friendly, and fair to providers. It also provides demographic information, Early Care and Education (ECE) program participation and funding, subsidy innovation and program integrity information, program quality improvement activities, and professional development and workforce initiatives. Sources and links are provided at the end of the document.

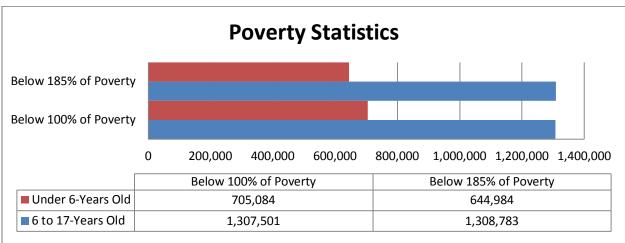
### **Highlight of Innovative Effort**

California's Early Childhood Educator (ECE) Competencies describe the knowledge, skills and dispositions that early childhood educators need in order to provide high quality care and education to young children and their families. These competencies are research-based and aligned with California's Preschool Learning Foundations and the California Infant/Toddler Learning and Development Foundations to guide professional development and related quality improvement activities. The ECE Competencies are organized into 12 overlapping areas. Development of the California ECE Competencies began in June 2008 in collaboration with First 5 California, and has involved expert advisors including representatives from the California Community Colleges and California State University systems to ensure that the competencies are based on current research and practice.

## Demographics<sup>1</sup>





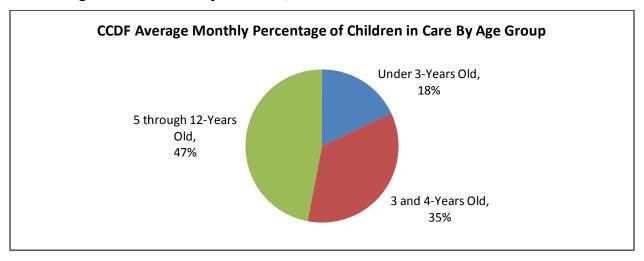


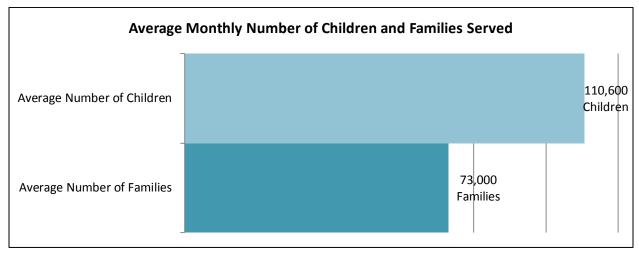
### **ECE** Workforce

ECE Workforce <sup>2</sup>			
Number of paid employees in child care establishments	70,277		
Number of self-employed child care providers	118,268		
Average annual wage for child care workers	\$24,590		

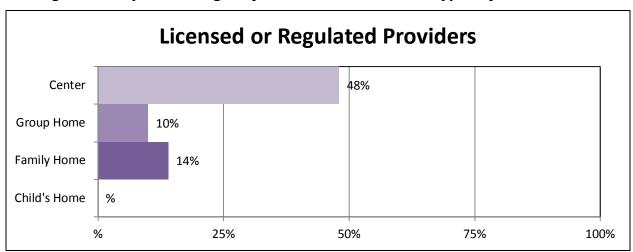
# **ECE Program Participation and Funding<sup>3</sup>**

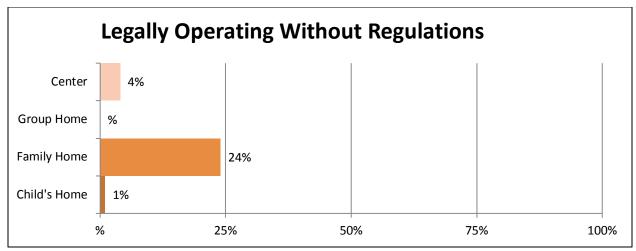
### Percentage and Number of Children/Families Served





# Average Monthly Percentages of Children Served in All Types of Care<sup>4</sup>





Note: Unregulated provider data includes relative and non-relative care.

### **CCDF Funding and Quality Investments**

Child Care and Development Fund (CCDF)			
Total CCDF Expenditure:	\$809,440,602		
Federal Expenditure:	\$480,013,432		
State/Territory Expenditure:	\$329,427,170		

CCDF Quality Investments			
Infant and Toddler:	\$15,954,260		
Quality Expansion Funds:	\$31,024,035		
School-Age/Resource and Referral:	\$1,699,793		

### TANF Expenditure on Child Care

Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) 5			
TANF – Total Child Care Expenditure:	\$192,130,249		
TANF – Direct Expenditure on Child Care:	\$192,130,249		
TANF – Transfer to CCDF:	\$0		

### Funding and Participation for Other ECE Programs

Child and Adult Care Food Program (CACFP) <sup>6</sup>			
CACFP Funding:	\$242,568,181		
Participation:			
Number of Family Child Care Homes	16,101		
Number of Child Care Centers (includes Head Start Programs)	4,541		

Head Start <sup>7</sup>		
Head Start Federal Allocation:	\$979,024,886	
Head Start State/Territory Allocation:	\$0	
Number of Children Participating:	93,097	

IDEA Part B, Section 619 <sup>8</sup>		
Funding:	37,657,903	
Number of Children Served (Ages 3- through 5-Years-Old):	73,720	

IDEA Part C <sup>9</sup>			
Funding:	54,039,265		
Number of Children Served (Ages Birth through 2-Years-Old):	32,575		

Pre-K <sup>10</sup>	
Total Expenditure:  Note: Total Expenditure includes all State/Territory, Local, and Federal dollars. In addition to 3- and 4-year-olds, some Pre-K programs enroll children of other ages.	\$812,840,336
Enrollment (3- and 4-year-olds):	147,413

# State/Territory and Federal Child Care Tax Credits

Child Care Tax Credits <sup>11</sup>		
Federal Total Amount Claimed:	\$370,733,000	
Federal Number of Claims:	660,055	
State/Territory Tax Credit Available:	Yes	
State/Territory Credit Refundable:	Yes	

# CCDF Subsidy Innovation and Program Integrity<sup>12</sup>

#### **Administration of Program**

CCDF program rules and policies around eligibility, sliding fee scale, and payment rates are established at the State level.

Approximately 42 percent of care is provided through certificates and 58 percent through grants/contracts. The California Department of Education (CDE) is required to disburse all CCDF funds for direct services through a contracting process. There are no vouchers issued by the CDE. There are two modes of delivery for child care and development services: contracted centers (center-based) and voucher programs administered by Alternative Payment Programs ([APPs], who contract with CDE). Consistent with statutory requirement, each fiscal year the budget identifies the amount of funding available for distribution in each program. When there is new funding available, the CDE initiates the Request for Application (RFA) process and the availability of funding is announced. Local Child Care and Development Planning Councils provide allocation needs for each of the counties. Applications are scored based on the criteria in the RFA which can vary depending on the type of program and funding available. Funding is awarded based upon the number of applications received, the scoring of the applications, and available resources.

The Lead Agency issues provider payments to contracted child care providers and has contracts, grants, and agreements with other government and nongovernmental agencies to determine eligibility and issue payments. It also contracts with a combination of government and nongovernmental agencies to provide resource and referral services and implement quality activities.

#### Income Eligibility Criteria

Family Siza	100% of SMI	85% of SMI (Monthly)		85% of SMI, mit Eligibility
Family Size	(Monthly)		Amount (Monthly)	Percent of SMI
Two	\$4,691.00	\$3,987.00	\$3,283.00	70%
Three	\$5,026.00	\$4,272.00	\$3,518.00	70%
Four	\$5,584.00	\$4,746.00	\$3,908.00	70%

### Re-determination Period Upon Initial Authorization

The re-determination period is 12 months.

### **Waiting Lists**

In accordance with Section 18106 of the California Code of Regulations, Title 5 (5 CCR), Child Care and Development contractors need to maintain a waiting list.

#### **Prioritize Services for Eligible Children and Families**

Children with in families with very low incomes have priority over other CCDF eligible families.

#### Sliding Fee Scale and Family Contribution

Family Contribution for Family of Three					
Minimum Family Contribution	Maximum Family Contribution for First Child	Maximum Family Contribution for Multiple Children	Lead Agency Waives Family Contribution	Lead Agency Allows Additional Fees by Provider	Sliding Fee Scale Effective Date
\$2.00/day	\$16.45/day	\$16.45/day	NO families with income at or below the poverty level for a family of the same size ARE required to pay a fee. The poverty level used by the Lead Agency for a family of 3 is: \$1,949.	Yes	July 1, 2011

For illustrative purposes, the minimum and maximum fees for full-time care for a family of three upon entry into the program are presented. Note: Contribution is calculated as a fee as dollar amount and fee per family.

#### Payment Rates for Child Care Services

Rates for Child Care Services – Los Angeles County				
A-7-2	Licensed		License Exempt	
Age	Center	Family Child Care	License Exempt	
Infant	\$253.65/week	\$183.32/week	\$109.99/week	
Toddler	\$253.65/week	\$183.32/week	\$109.99/week	
Preschool	\$182.03/week	\$169.99/week	\$101.99 /week	
School Age	\$155.25/week	\$151.30/week	\$90.78/week	

For illustrative purposes, reimbursement rate ceilings for full-time care in the largest urban area are presented. Effective date of payment rates: October 1, 2006. Note: Licenseexempt rates are for unlicensed trustLined/relative care. Licenseexempt rates are 60 percent of the FCC rate. The Lead Agency uses a combination of daily, weekly, monthly, full-time and hourly, weekly, monthly, part-time payment units. Rates are based on the 2005Market Rate Survey (MRS) and rates range between 61st to 69th percentiles of the current MRS.Differential rates are used for children with special needs and infant and toddler care.Geographic area: Rates vary by county. Rates for Los Angeles County are presented.

# **Program Quality Improvement Activities** 13

# Licensing

Licensed Facilities	Number	Capacity	Type of Center-Based Facilities/Programs Exempt from Licensing	
Child Care Centers	10,634	593,546	Parents are on the premises	Yes
Small Family Child Care Homes	37,924	370,707	Small number of children in care	No
Large/Group Family Child Care Homes	*	*	Part-day, small number of hours	No
Other Licensed Facilities	4,415	179,431	Preschools operated by public schools	No
Total:	52,973	1,143,684	Recreation programs, instructional classes for children, and/or club programs	Yes

Note: \*The number of FCC homes includes both small and large/group FCC homes.

Child-Staff Ratios and Group Size by Age of Children for Centers			
Age of Children	Child-Staff Ratios	Group Size	
9 months	4:1	Not Regulated	
27 months	6:1	12	
3 years	12:1	Not Regulated	
5 years	14:1	Not Regulated	
10 years and older	14:1	Not Regulated	

Types of Routine Visits Conducted			
Type of Care	Announced	Unannounced	Frequency of Routine Visits
Child Care Centers	Yes	Yes	Announced visits for the initial pre- license visit. Unannounced visits not less than once every five years.
Small Family Child Care Homes	Yes	Yes	Announced visits for the initial pre- license visit. Unannounced visits not less than once every five years.
Large/Group Family Child Care Homes	Yes	Yes	Announced visits for the initial pre- license visit. Unannounced visits not less than once every five years.

# **Program Quality**

Program Standards			
<ul> <li>State/Territory has quality improvement standards that are beyond what is required for licensing</li> </ul>	Yes		
Standards have provisions about the care of the following groups of children:			
• Infants and toddlers	Yes		
School-age children	No		
Children with special needs	Yes		
Children who are dual language learners	Yes		
<ul> <li>Standards are part of an implemented quality rating and improvement system (QRIS) or similar quality improvement system</li> </ul>	No		
<ul> <li>Standards are part of a pilot QRIS or similar quality improvement system, or are in development</li> </ul>	Yes		
Program Supports To Improve Quality			
<ul> <li>State/Territory provides technical assistance (TA)/consultation to help programs improve quality</li> </ul>	Yes		
<ul> <li>TA/consultation is specific to infant/toddler care</li> </ul>	Yes		
TA/consultation is specific to school-age care	Yes		
TA is part of a QRIS	No		
Quality Assurance And Monitoring			
<ul> <li>State/Territory uses assessment tools (e.g., Environment Rating Scales, Classroom Assessment Scoring System, Program Administration Scale, and/or Business Administration Scale)</li> </ul>	Yes		
<ul><li>Program assessments are part of a QRIS</li></ul>	No		
Financial Incentives and Supports			
State/Territory offers financial incentives tied to quality	Yes		
■ Financial incentives are part of a QRIS	No		
Outreach And Consumer Engagement			
<ul> <li>State/Territory uses the media (e.g., print, radio, television, telephone, social marketing) to provide parents with information about quality</li> </ul>	Yes		
<ul> <li>State/Territory communicates levels of quality for child care programs in a searchable database on the Web</li> </ul>	No		
State/Territory publishes information about licensing compliance on the Internet	No		
State/Territory conducts consumer engagement campaign with a focus on quality	No		

#### **Quality Rating And Improvement System**

State is in the development phase

#### State/Territory-wide Specialist Networks 14

- State/Territory has an Infant/Toddler Specialist Network
- School-age Specialist Network

# Early Learning Guidelines (ELGs)<sup>15</sup>

#### Age Group

- Birth to 3 years Yes
- 3 to 5 years
- 5 years and older

#### **Incorporation of Early Learning Guidelines into Child Care Systems**

- To define the content of training required to meet licensing requirements

  Yes
- To define the content of training required for program quality improvement standards (e.g., QRIS standards)
- To define the content of training required for the career lattice or professional credential
- To require programs in licensing standards to develop curriculum/learning activities based on the voluntary ELGs
- To require programs in quality improvement standards to develop curriculum/learning activities based on the voluntary ELGs
- To develop State/Territory -approved curricula No
- Other:

#### Alignment of Early Learning Guidelines with Child Care Systems

- Cross-walked to align with Head Start Outcomes Framework
- Cross-walked to align with K-12 content standards
- Cross-walked to align with State/Territory pre-k standards

  Yes
- Cross-walked with accreditation standards
- Other: Align with Infant/Toddler Learning & Development Program Guidelines; Guidelines for Early Learning
  in Child Care Home Settings; Preschool Curriculum Frameworks, Vol. 1; Preschool English Learners Principles
  and Practices to Promote Language, Literacy, and Learning, English and Spanish.

No

Yes

Yes

# **Professional Development Systems and Workforce Initiatives** 16

#### **Core Knowledge and Competencies**

State/Territory has developed core knowledge and competencies

Yes

Other:

	Career Pathways	
-	State/Territory has a career pathway or career lattice	Yes
	Career pathway includes specific topic credentials and/or specific role credentials	Yes
	Infant/toddler credential	Yes
	Preschool credential	No
	School-age credential	Yes
	Dual language learners credential	Yes
	Children with special needs credential	Yes
	Center staff credential	Yes
	Family child care credential	No
	Director and/or administrator credential	Yes
	Education/Trainer credential	No
	Technical Assistance credential	No
	• Consultant	No
	• Mentor	No
	• Coach	No
	• Advisor	No

Other:

	Professional Development Capacity			
•	State/Territory has a training approval system	Yes		
•	State/Territory has a trainer approval system	No		
•	State/Territory has early childhood education degree programs 17			
	• 1-year program	Yes		
	• 2-year program	Yes		

	Professional Development Capacity				
	• 4-year program	Yes			
	• Master's degree	Yes			
	◆ Ph.D. degree	Yes			
•	State/Territory has articulation agreements	Yes			
	Access to Brofossianal Davolanment				
	Access to Professional Development	Yes			
	State/Territory has an online database or calendar of training opportunities				
•	State/Territory has career advising	No			
•	State/Territory provides supports to access professional development opportunities (e.g., scholarships, free training/education, reimbursement, grants/loans, release time, etc.)	Yes			
•	State/Territory has technical assistance (such as mentoring and/or coaching) to help practitioners improve their skills	Yes			
	Compensation, Benefits, and Workforce Conditions				
•	State/Territory has a salary or wage scale for various professional roles	No			
•	State/Territory provides financial rewards for participation in professional development (e.g., a one-time salary bonus for completing training)	Yes			
•	State/Territory provides sustained financial support on a periodic, predictable basis (e.g., annual wage supplement, based on the highest level of training and education achieved, etc.)	No			
•	State/Territory offers or facilitates benefits (e.g. health insurance coverage, retirement, etc.) to the workforce	No			
	Workforce Data System				
	State/Territory has a workforce data system (e.g., a workforce registry)	No			
	• Includes staff in centers	No			
	<ul> <li>Includes providers in family child care homes</li> </ul>	No			
	<ul> <li>Includes administrators in centers</li> </ul>	No			
	<ul> <li>Includes technical assistance providers (including mentors, coaches, consultants, home visitors, etc.)</li> </ul>	No			
	<ul> <li>Includes education and training staff (such as trainers, CCR&amp;R staff, faculty)</li> </ul>	No			
•	Other:				

<sup>1</sup>US Census Bureau. (n.d). In American FactFinder, 2010 Single Years of Age and Sex.

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<sup>2</sup>U.S. Census Bureau. (n.d.). 2009 County Business Patterns. http://www.census.gov/econ/cbp/index.html
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Bureau of Labor Statistics, May 2010 State Occupational Employment and Wage Estimates. http://www.bls.gov/oes/current/oes_nat.htm
<sup>3</sup>U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Office of Child Care. (September 2010). FFY 2010 CCDF data tables [Preliminary estimates].
Table 9 Average Monthly Percentages of Children In Care By Age Group and Table 1 Average Monthly Adjusted Number of Families and
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<sup>4</sup>U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Office of Child Care. (September 2010). FFY 2010 CCDF data tables [Preliminary estimates].
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<sup>6</sup>Food Research and Action Center. (March 2012). Child and Adult Care Food Program: Participation Trends 2012. http://frac.org/newsite/wp-
content/uploads/2009/05/cacfp_participation_trends_report_2012.pdf
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<sup>7</sup>U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Office of Head Start. (2010, February). Head Start program fact sheet.
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<sup>8</sup>U.S. Department of Education, Office of Special Education Programs. (April 2012). Fiscal Year Allocations for Preschool Grants, Individuals with
Disabilities Education Act - Part B, Section 619. http://www2.ed.gov/fund/grant/apply/osep/2012apps.html
U.S. Department of Education, Office of Special Education Programs, Data Analysis System (DANS), (July 2012)
OMB #1820-0043: Children with Disabilities Receiving Special Education Under Part B of the Individuals
with Disabilities Education Act, 2011. https://www.ideadata.org/PartBData.asp
<sup>9</sup>U.S. Department of Education, Office of Special Education Programs. (May 2012). Fiscal Year 2012 Allocations for the Grants for Infants and
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<sup>10</sup>National Institute for Early Education Research. (2011). The 2011 state of preschool yearbook. http://nieer.org/yearbook/
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12 Information collected by the Child Care State Systems Specialist Network from State Web sites, documents, and FY2012-2013 State Plan.
<sup>13</sup>Information collected by the Child Care State Systems Specialist Network from State Web sites, documents, and FY2012-2013 State Plan.
National Association for Regulatory Administration (NARA). Preliminary results from the NARA Child Care Licensing Programs and Policies
Survey for 2011.
National Center of Child Care Quality Improvement. (June 2012). Review of child care licensing regulations on the National Resource Center for
Health and Safety in Child Care (NRC) Web site. http://nrckids.org/
<sup>14</sup>National Center on Child Care Professional Development and Workforce Initiatives (June 2012). Information collected from the former
National Infant and Toddler Child Care Initiative website and from State Web sites.
<sup>15</sup>Information collected by the Child Care State Systems Specialist Network from State Web sites, documents, and FY2012-2013 State Plan.
<sup>16</sup>Information collected by the Child Care State Systems Specialist Network from state Web sites, documents, and FY2012-2013 State Plan.
<sup>17</sup>Information collected by the Child Care State Systems Specialist Network from State Web sites, documents, and FY2012-2013 State Plan.
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